

Preparation for the Job Market

Competency 1: Establishes his/her personal and occupational profile

Key Features:

- i. Examines his/her personal characteristics
- ii. Reflects on the reasons for his/her achievements
- iii. Discovers his/her occupational interests through a variety of activities

<u>Learning Targets</u>				
Students will be able to:				
☐ Become familiar with their personal and work-related resources.				
☐ Mobilize personal and work-related resources.				
☐ Make an informed judgement on their personal and occupational profile.				
□ Recognize their main strengths and interests.				
☐ Identify factors that motivate them and help them meet challenges.				
☐ Identify and understand the essential aspects of their achievement at school				
and extracurricular activities.				
☐ Describe what strategies they use and recognize why they are effective.				
☐ Judge the appropriateness of these strategies to other work-related activities.				
☐ Share their workshop and practicum experience.				
☐ Make connections between their personal characteristics and the requirements				
of different work-related activities to discover their interests.				
Evaluation Criteria:				
 Appropriateness of his/her reflection on his/her profile. 				
☐ Accurate analysis of his/her achievements.				
☐ Coherent connections between his/her personal and occupational				
characteristics.				

Competency 2: Gains an understanding of the job market

Key Features:

- i. Becomes familiar with the characteristics of the job market
- ii. Gathers information about work situations
- iii. Envisions himself/herself as a future worker

<u>Learning Targets</u>		
Students will be able to:		
☐ Gain a clear understanding of the job market.		
☐ Identify the job market's principle aspects.		
☐ Recognize the different types of work (types of work organizations and fields		
of activity.		
☐ Consider the impact of working conditions on their personal and work life.		
☐ Diversify their exploration methods:		
 Observing different work situations 		
 Experiencing different work situations 		
 Use relevant websites, local newspapers and resource people 		
☐ Critically look at the quality and validity of the information gathered.		
□ Envision themselves as workers		
 Share their discoveries and understanding of the world of work with 		
others.		
 Gain awareness of their rights, responsibilities and obligations with 		
respect to their career choice.		
Evaluation Criteria		
 Understanding of the characteristics of the job market. 		
□ Variety of means of exploration.		
□ Relevance of his/her thoughts on his/her future as a worker.		

Competency 3: Carries out a sociovocational integration plan

Key Features:

- i. Develops a plan
- ii. Implements the plan
- iii. Evaluates the plan

<u>Learning Targets</u>		
Students will be able to:		
☐ Develop and implement a sociovocational integration plan adapted to their		
personal profile and the opportunities available.		
☐ Mobilize the most useful resources for their sociovocational integration		
(through observation, exploration and experimentation).		
☐ Plan steps involved in their plan.		
☐ Identify potential practicum positions.		
☐ Communicate with contacts.		
☐ Consider the requirements of the job and their own possibilities.		
☐ Carry out each step in their plan.		
☐ Use strategies needed to achieve personal and work-related objectives and		
develop new ones as needed.		
☐ Use other resources to overcome difficulties encountered.		
□ Evaluate their plan.		
 Examine the effectiveness of the means used and make the necessary 		
adjustments.		
 Exercise critical judgement when examining their experiences. 		
Evaluation Criteria:		
□ Determination of the steps involved in the sociovocational integration plan.		
☐ Management of his/her plan.		
☐ Relevance of his/her reflections on his/her plan.		

Program Content

Concepts	Processes	
Personal and Occupational Identity		
Personal History	* A look at his/her family, academic and social history: - understanding of past experiences - identification of important aspects - awareness of factors that influence him/her * A look at his/her work-related history - understanding of past experiences - identification of important aspects - awareness of factors that influence him/her	
Current Profile	 * Exploration of various aspects of his/her personality: personal characteristics family and social environment occupational interests * Consideration of his/her experiences with paid or volunteer work * Evaluation of higher level of self-confidence * Awareness of factors that influence him/her * Construction of his/her identity in real-life situations empowerment motivation ability to adapt to change ability to take risks 	
Personal and Occupational Aspirations	* Exploration of his/her dreams for the future and visualization of himself/herself in different rolesfamily and social environment occupational interests	

The Job	Market Narket
Characteristics of the Job Market	* Familiarity with certain characteristics of the job market - occupational sectors and associated trades - jobs - working conditions - changes - occupational health and safety (preventive strategies) - traditionally male- and female- dominated trades * Exploration of jobs * Recognition of the importance of technological changes in the job
Impact	market * Awareness of the impact of paid or volunteer work - contribution to society - self-fulfillment - new relationships
Occupational Aspirations	* Exploration of connections between the training and the types of jobs available: - importance of initial qualifications - practical training - continuing training * Initiative: actions to take
Sociovocational	Integration Plan
Development of a Sociovocational Integration Plan	* Preparation of a sociovocational integration plan - exploration of possibilities - choice of plan - information gathering - determination of the steps involved
Implementation of the Plan	* Implementation - contact with people in the field



	- commitment
	- use of strategies
	- action
Reflection	* Recognition of the impact on:
	- himself/herself
	- others
	- his/her future
Resources	* Human resources:
	-parents, other family members,
	peers, friends, teachers, guidance
	counsellors, other school staff, etc.
	* Resources in the public and
	private sectors:
	- agencies offering employability
	or employment assistance services,
	integration and training facilities,
	including government agencies
	(CSST, local employment centre,
	Carrefour jeunesse emploi, etc.)
	and community agencies
	·
	 businesses: industries, private companies, etc.
	* Material resources:
	- Web sites containing information
	about the education system, trades
	<u> </u>
	and occupations, the job market,
	legal and regulatory provisions,
	etc.
	- educational and vocational
	information documents and books
	- Directory of Semiskilled Trades,
	etc.

Strategies	Explanations
Cognitive Strategies - helps student process, organize, generalize and structure information.	 * Visualizing or writing down the steps involved in a task * Applying prior knowledge to a new task * Identifying determining factors in a situation * Verifying his/her understanding of the task: asking questions reformulating instructions taking notes when instructions are given * Determining the resources needed to perform a task, based on the requirements and the context
Metacognitive strategies - help students monitor, control and evaluate the strategies used.	* Anticipating problems * Evaluating his/her work and comparing it to the requirements of the task * Reflecting on what he/she learned * Examining his/her work: methods, techniques, equipment and strategies used * Reviewing his/her behaviours * Making adjustments as needed during the task * Considering different ways of improving * Considering his/her attitudes and behaviours, evaluating their consequences and making the necessary adjustments * Making connections between his/her personal resources, interests and aptitudes and the
Affective strategies	requirements of the task * Engaging in positive self-talk
-help students regulate and control	* Taking risks



their emotions, thoughts or attitudes toward learning.	* Taking the time to learn and allowing himself/herself to make
toward rearring.	mistakes
	* Focusing on the task when he/she
	is less attentive
	* Rewarding himself/herself after
	accomplishing part of the task
	* Fighting negative thoughts
	* Adopting ways of controlling
	his/her anxiety
Resource management strategies	* Using a model to develop a work
- help students plan, monitor, control	plan or schedule (time
and evaluate internal and external	management)
resources.	* Creating conditions in his/her life
	that are conducive to work
	* Being familiar with the available
	resources (e.g. people, documents,
	Web sites)
	* Asking for help (e.g. from teachers,
	classmates) when necessary and
	determining the best time to do so
	* Asking for the opinions of peers,
	parents, the teacher or another
	meaningful person in his/her life
	* Learning from other students'
	experience

Attitudes and Behaviours That Foster Sociovocational Integration and Job Retention

- Adaptability
- Sense of responsibility
- Concern for health and safety
- Open-mindedness
- Discipline (e.g. punctuality, attendance)
- Thoroughness
- Patience
- Autonomy
- Perseverance
- Vigilance
- Curiosity
- Sense of observation
- Flexibility
- Resourcefulness
- Ability to cooperate
- Self-control

Techniques

- Interview techniques (preparation and participation)
- Job search techniques (paid employment, practicum, volunteer work)

Tools

- Cover letter
- Resume
- Observation sheets, information- gathering sheets, etc., for workshop, one-day practicum, etc.

(Summarized by: J. McKay, 2020)